

CHARTER OF DEMANDS:

ACTUALIZING WOMEN'S LAND RIGHTS IN AFRICA

ARUSHA, OCTOBER 2016



INTRODUCTION

The Kilimanjaro Initiative is a rural women's mobilisation from across Africa towards an iconic moment at the foot of Mt Kilimanjaro in October 2016. The Kilimanjaro Initiative was conceived when, we the Rural Women of Africa with support from civil society, met in Dar es Salaam in 2012. This initiative aims to create space for us to be able to participate in decision making processes about land and natural resources.

With 2016 declared by the 26th African Union Summit as "Africa Year of Human Rights with particular focus on the Rights of Women", coupled with the transition from MDGs into SDGs, our quest for actualization of our right to land and natural resources towards a food and nutritional secure continent could have never been timelier.



Also noting that in October 2015, the AU Special Technical Committee on agriculture, water and environment recommended that Member States allocate at least 30% of land to women; improve land rights of women through legislative/other mechanisms, in order to give practical effect to the AU declaration on Land in which all African states committed to ensure equitable access to land for all land users and strengthen women's land rights. The women have therefore proclaimed this Charter of principles and demands specifically on women's access to use, control, own, inherit and dispose their land and natural resources.

OBJECTIVES

- To strengthen the agency and movement of rural women in claiming and defending their land and natural resource rights in Africa.
- To engender political will amongst national governments, donor and regional institutions to implement an all-inclusive African women's charter.
- To mobilise and support the participation of 100,000 rural women in the Kilimanjaro Initiative in at least 20 countries in Africa.
- To raise awareness on existing frameworks and safeguards around large scale land based investments and demand for their application in securing legitimate tenure rights of rural women in Africa.



BACKGROUND

"We, the rural women of Africa, assembled in Arusha from 14th to 16th of October 2016, present this African Women Charter of demands on land rights developed through a consultative process involving representatives of the Rural Women Assemblies and women farmers' forums from over 21 African countries. All demands presented below were endorsed by all members of the Assembly."

WE DEMAND

- Sensitization of leaders, (traditional, community, religious and others) youth, people with disabilities, and women on the law and policies on land.
- Women empowerment by enabling them to access their land rights, technology, and financial resources to improve their livelihoods.
- Translate land policies and laws into accessible local languages.
- Sex disaggregated digital inventory of tenure rights within public, community, and private lands so that all land is identified, recorded, and made public for safeguarding.
- 50% participation of women in decision-making bodies and implementation
 of land issues and matters (including in the valuation of land and payment
 of compensation for natural resources) so that they can speak and defend
 their land rights.
- Governments should regulate businesses and investors that pollute the environment and adversely affect the environment and the health of communities, especially women and children.
- Governments must avoid land-based investments which forcefully displace rural communities, particularly women and children.
- Women and communities must have a say on who and what kind of
 investments and companies that invest in their communities. The investor
 must be obligated to provide information about the impacts of their investment
 (sustainability economic, environmental, health, social, and infrastructural).



- Investments in land should be done in partnership with communities, governments, and investors – jobs; development projects (water, roads, schools, hospitals, etc.); minimum 40% share in the profits; environmental protection.
- The challenges of people living with disabilities and other vulnerable groups (people living with HIV/AIDs, widows), namely stigma, discrimination, cultural biases, lack of access to information and infrastructure must be taken into account in all land matters and they must be represented in decision-making bodies and involved in the implementation process.
- Pastoral lands must be recognized and protected by law and other mechanisms.
- Ban harmful and oppressive cultural practices that undermine women's rights including those that prohibit women to inherit land and other resources.
- Government should enact laws to provide security and protection of women's rights defenders.
- Stop persistent farmers pastoralists conflicts over the use of land and other resources.
- Enact inheritance law to provide and safeguard women's land rights whenever it is not existing.

WE RECOMMEND:

- Civic education on the land laws so that women understand land laws and their rights. This should include promotion of adult education particularly in rural areas.
- Review, harmonize, and update land laws to reflect women's rights on land.
- Engage governments in the Kilimanjaro Initiative for them to support women's land rights.
- Involve youth in land issues through curriculum & youth should have representation in decision making bodies.
- Joint and equal ownership of land through joint land title deeds.
- Include women in customary land governance structures.
- Ensure customary law are consistent with constitutional and statutory safeguards for women's land rights.
- Land laws and policies should be translated and made available to communities (dissemination) in accessible local languages.
- Mobilize and build women's movements in support of women's land rights (the Kilimanjaro Initiative) – popularize the demands and solutions.
- Educate and mobilize custodians of culture to become champions of women's land rights.
- Create an African network of women's rights defenders.
- Recognize and facilitate the work of women's rights defenders.
- Implement the AU's recommendation that requires states to allocate at least 30% of land to women.
- Improve land rights of women through legislative and other mechanisms.
- Establish gender-responsive property rights framework beyond land laws by reforming marital property law, succession (inheritance law), etc.).
- Identify and protect farming and grazing areas to stop conflicts pitting pastoralists and farmers.

PAN AFRICAN RURAL WOMEN COUNCIL FROM REGIONAL BLOCS SIGNING INTO THE CHARTER:

Name	Regional Bloc	Position	National ID Number	Signature
Lovelyn Nnenna Ejim	West Africa (Nigeria)	Chair person	A04405257	P
Tiwonge Gondwe	Southern African (Malawi)	Vice chair	MA213176	
Ghita Ait Ben Lmadani	Northern Africa (Morocco)	Member	-	-
Flora Mathias Mlowezi	Eastern African (Tanzania)	Member	AB577761	Moweri
Augustina Takah	Central Africa (Cameroon)	Member	0507268	ague

COUNTRIES

- 1. Benin
- 2. Burking Faso
- 3. Burundi
- 4. Cameroon
- 5. Chad
- 6. Gambia

- 7. Ghana
- 8. Kenya
- 9. Liberia
- 10. Malawi
- 11. Mozambique
- 12. Nigeria

- 13. RDC
- 14. Rwanda
- 15. Senegal
- 16. Sierra Leone
- 17. South Africa
- 18. Tanzania

- 19. Togo
- 20. Uganda
- 21. Zambia
- 22. Zimbabwe



COORDINATION MECHANISMS

The Kilimanjaro Initiative was coordinated at different levels as follows;-

1. National convenors

These are organisations with capacity to mobilise and support the convening of rural women organisations at country level to consolidate the national formations. These will be identified by the participating organisations in consultation with the Inter-Agency steering group and the rural women's steering committee.

2. Rural Women Steering Group / Council

This comprises five (5) regional women representatives.

2.1. Northern Africa

Morocco - Ghita Ait Ben Lmadani ait Imadani@yahoo.fr

2.2. Eastern Africa:

Tanzania - Flora Mathias Mlowezi Tigushefoundation@gmail.com

2.3. Central Africa

Cameroon – Augustina Takah **augustinatakah@yahoo.com** and Vanessa Adoko **vanadok@gmail.com**

2.4. West Africa

Nigeria - Lovelyn Ejim Nnenna lovelynjim@gmail.com

2.5. Southern Africa

Malawi - Tiwonge Gondwe gondwetiwong5@gmail.com

3. Inter-Agency steering group

The group supporting the initiative comprises of ActionAid, International Land Coalition (ILC), Kenya land alliance (KLA), Oxfam, Institute for Poverty, Land and Agrarian Studies (PLAAS), Tanzania Gender Networking programme (TGNP), Uganda land alliance (ULA), Women in Law and Development in Africa (WiLDAF), Zambia Land alliance (ZLA), CNC Non State Actors among others. Members meet regularly to provide strategic steer and support to the rural women. This is currently convened by ActionAid. Also partnered by Intrepid tour company. Contact: david.barisa@actionaid.org or catherine.gatundu@actionaid.org for enauiries.